VOLUME IV ..... NO. 611.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

LONDON, August 2-Evening .- In the House of Lords the Reform Bill was reported from the Committee of the Whole, where it was under consideration, and ordered to a third reading. Final action will be taken on the measure on Tuesday.

At the Greenwood races to-day the principal race was that for the Richmond plate. Eleven horses ran. The leading horses came in as follows: Cametia first, Lord Ronald second, and Aminda third.

is less favorable than last week. Loans increased is less favorable than hast week. Loans increases, specie decreased.

New York August S.—P. M.—Cotton shade firmer; specie decreased.

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New York August S.—P. M.—Cotton shade firmer; specie S PARIS, August 2 .- Hon. GEORGE BANCROFT, United States Minister to Prussia, arrived in this

LONDON, August 2-Evening.-Dispatches have been received here to-day from Athens, announcing that the Grecians have defeated the Turks in several recent engagements. The same dispatch makes mention of the departure of the French squadron for Candia, for the purpose of bringing back refugees to Graece.

London, August 3-2 P. M .- Dispatches received to-day from Athens bring the intelligence that the Greek Government has announced its determination to declare war against the Sublime Porte on September 1, should the hostilities against the Christians in the island of Candia not be ended by that time. Great military preparations are being made for such a contingency, and orders have been issued calling out the entire reserves of the

LONDON, August 2-Evening.-Consols 944. Bonds 724.

Collision Between the Military and Civil ANXIETY ON THE TOPIC OF SHERIDAN'S REMOVAL-

the District of North Carolina, has reported to the Attorney-General that the process of the United States District Court, lately held by Chief Justice CHASE, is obstructed by order of Lieutenant-Colonel FRANK, commanding the Post of Wilmington. The ground is expressly mentioned in the order to be, that in each of the cases obstructed the cause of action adjudicated upon by Judge CHASE accrued between September 19, 1860, and May 15, 1865. General SICKLES' Order No. 10 baving forbidden judges to entertain any suits for matters accruing between those dates, the Marshal supposes that General Sickles did not mean to include Courts of the United States. Col. FRANK interprets the order differently. Marshal GOODLOE has suspended action until he shall hear from Gen. SICKLES, or receive instructions from Washington, being anxious to avoid any collision. This matter is regarded as a very grave event, although the impression prevails that the commandant at Wilmington has acted without the knowledge of Gen. SICKLES, who is confidently expected to disapprove his action. Goodloe's course has been approved at the Attorney-General's office, but no step will be taken until sufficient time shall have passed for report from the Com-

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 3 .- Admiral TEGETHOFF, of the Austrian navy, and suite, who are en route to recover the body of MAXIMILIAN, have arrived

yet been prepared. It is said in circles usually well informed on public affairs, that Gen. THOMAS .rill supersede SHERIDAN; that HANCOCK will take the position now occupied by Thomas; that Shenr-DAN will be ordered to Lt. Gen. SHERMAN.

patches from Commodore Roz, commanding U. S. steamer Taconey, announcing his arrival at Penacola, four days from Vera Cruz, where he left

Senor Don Jose LACURIA, Prime Minister of the late MAXIMILIAN, and his Secretary, were passengers on the Taconey. Rear Admiral PALMER re- United States troops ought certainly to do so. ports his arrival at Vera Cruz on the 20th from Key West via Tampico. Everything is quiet

United States steamer Yantic, died on board his vessel in Tampico River, on the 19th July. He was buried in the Protestant burying ground at Tampico on the 20th, the authorities there honoring the occasion with military ceremonies.

The Austrian corvette Ecizabeth was at Vera Cruz, awaiting the body of MAXIMILIAN. A French gunboat is also in port. No foreign representaat Campeachy.

case to-day, and occupied the entire day, and the probability is that he will not conclude his argument before Tuesday.

ending to-day amounted to \$395,300.

From Richmond. RICHMOND, August 4 .- WM. P. BAYLEY, of Baltimore, was run over and killed on the Petersburg Railroad last night.

and thus the disease prevented from spreading. NEW YORK, August 4.—The Canadian Commis-

sion is still in session in New York, taking evi- It may be surely predicted that if General Grant dence in behalf of the United States in suit at Toronto, to recover the Confederate privateer lakes during the war.

From Pennsylvania. HARRISBUBG, August 2.—A salute was fired this tells the world where he stands on the great issues

morning by order of the Governor in honor of the Tennessee victory. From St. Louis.

St. Louis, August 3.—The United States Ex- boldness and power. As usual the Court room press was robbed of about \$1600 near Mayville, Lafayette County, yesterday morning, by three men, who stopped the stage. The passengers were also robbed of considerable money and other Tennessee Election.

majority of 17,000 for BROWNLOW. TRIMBLE, STOKES, ARNELL, MAYNARD, HAWKINS, MULLENS, MUNN and BUTLEB, all Republicans, are elected to Congress. They make a clean sweep of both Houses of the Legislature.

From Savannah.

SAVANNAH, August 3.—Registration closed in this city to-day. Whites, 2269; colored, 3062; majerity, colored, 793.

on the eighteenth day of September, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-six, pass a Joint Resolution of the following tenor and effect, to wit:
"Resolved, That the President and Directors of the Blue Ridge Railroad Company in South Carolina be, and are horeby, authorized to deal with the shares held by the State in said Company in the same manner as with the shares of all other technologies. From New Orleans. New ORLEANS, August 3 .- Gen. Rousseau left this morning for Washington, to consult with the oner regarding the transfer of Russian commis

the new territory. From San Francisco. San Francisco, August 3.—The steamer Rasaca consent that their shares shall be reduced, of in any other manner in which it may be found necessary to surrender a portion of the capital already invested to accomplish the construction of the said Railroad; Provided, That in any arrangement that may be made, the State shall not be held liable for any additional assessment on the shares held?" has arrived from Panama with yellow fover on

board. She reports 68 cases on the voyage up and 18 deaths. Most of the dead were buried at sea. The sickness is confined to the crew, not one case among the officers. Sixteen cases reported on

CHARLESTON, S. C., MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1867.

Columbia July 25, 1867. garding the construction of Mr. Epping's speech on the division of lands, we append his remarks in NEW YORK, August 3.—The money market closed full—the question being on the 4th resolution, reported by the Committee on the Platform, which

reads as follows : 4. That as large land monopolies tend only to make the rich richer and the poor poorer, and are ruinous to the agricultural, commercial and social interests of the State, the Legislature should offer every practicable inducement for the division and sale of unoccupied lands among the poorer classes,

and as an encouragement to immigrants to settle Mr. Epping having proposed the following

Resolved, That we desire no man's land or pro perty without adequate compensation, and will not favor any system of confiscation, but there should be a just, as well as an equal and whole-some system of taxation, so that it shall not be to New Orleans, August 3 .- Cotton-sales 950 New Orleans, August 3.—Cotton—sales 950 bales; firm; Low Middling 25a25jc; receipts 380; exports 3255 bales. Sugar—choice Louisiana 16½c; prime to choice Cuba 15c; Cuba Molasses 48a55c. Flour nominal; superfine \$950. Corn firm; yellow mixed \$1 05; white mixed \$1 25; white \$1 25. Oats—none in first hands; nominally \$1 15a1 20. Pork quiet at \$26. Bacon dult; prices tending downward; shoulders 13½a13½c; clear sides 16a16½c; choice sugar-cured hams 21a22c. Prime Lard—tierces 134c; kegs 14½c. Gold 140. Sterling 52½a 55. New York Sight \$ premium.

Mobile, August 3.—Cotton—sales, 500 bales to factors, closing at full rates; stock on hand light, closing firm; low middling, 23½c. some system of taxation, so that it small not be to the advantage of any one to hold in idleness and unproduction large tracts of uncultivated lands. By such a system, the waste and uncultivated lands now yielding nothing to their proprietors, would soon be disposed of, in small quantities to actual settlers, who would make them productive, and thus increase the wealth and prosperity of the State

Said he introduced this with a view of calling attention to the large quantity of land now lying idle in this State. We all know what a vast area of land, fit for cultivation, and which has been heretofore cultivated, is now a barren waste and we also know that great bodies of such lands are in the hands of persons who either cannot or will not make them productive.

Reports from the crops are encouraging; daily We can have plenty of industrious laborers, plenty of men to cultivate them, but nobody is able to sell under such conditions as will enable the freedman or the emigrant to purchase them. No industrious and saving freedman, no newly ar WHEN WILL THE PRESIDENT ACT—THE ELECTION rived emigrant can buy those lands, because of the IN TENNESSEE To-MOREOW-GOOD ADVICE FROM system of land titles prevalent throughout this State, and the only measure that will overcome this is a change in our system of taxation. Unless Washington, August 1 .- Every one is on the the poor man, the man of small means, can buy qui vive now for the practical movement on the forty or fifty acres of land now held by the large landowner, unencumbered and without having to part of the President, with regard to a change in the military commandership of the Fifth District, pay more lawyers' fees and wasting more time than the land is worth, this State cannot regain its proswhich has been semi-officially announced as about

The large proprietor with all his lands may be a poor man. His lands are too often encumbered by mortgages, trusts, interests in remainder or other incumbrances, and the poor man who buys a small section of such a person's land, may afterwards equally emphatic in persisting that nothing will be find himself involved in an endless law suit, wasting all his hard earnings. He may find that after to others in which the President has manifested a improving and building up his place all his labor disposition to execute great State movements, but may have been in vain, and his lands be taken from which purpose he has often and again been from him for want of a good title. The present system of law in this State is such

that even titles given by a Court of Equity are, in many cases, not valid. A widow has, ten years difficulties in the way, and some even hint that after the death of her husband, to dispute the the President, by removing SHERIDAN, would be title to all the lands and property sold by him. brought into an issue with both the Secretary of Each child coming of age has also ten years in War and General Grant. Certain it is that a new which it may dispute sales made by parents, guarcontroversy would be opened with Congress. The dians and executors.

This is what makes titles so precarious, and we Executive Department appears determined however, and developments may come to light in a can neither make an independent yeomanry of our freedmen nor have emigrants to come as settlers No little interest is expressed in official circles in this State, unless some system is adopted. We here in relation to the election which takes place must see that the State get repossessed of these in Tennessee to-day. If it is conducted without lands, by a just and wholesome system of taxation, serious disturbances it will be a very agreeable so that it shall not be to the advantage of any one to hold in idleness and unproductiveness large tracts which others could cultivate. well qualified by recent events in that unhappy

By our present system of State taxation the land owner is too much favored; for while the improvements on a town lot are taxed almost to their full the important events of this year's history. The value, the improvements on a farm or plantation authorities here will overlook affairs in Tennessee are not taxed at all. A man who owns a small to-morrow by the lightning aid of the telegraph town lot and has improvements thereon valued at wires, and, if necessary, orders will flash from the \$10,000, pays, at the rate of 60 cents per 100 dollars, \$10,000, pays, at the rate of 60 cents per 100 dollars, power. He tells the people of the South that the military bills violate the Constitution, and that if they carry them out thoy aid in the violation. "If years ago at one dollar an acre, pay only \$60 taxes, although he may have houses and improvements thereon to the value of \$20,000. Consequently he can afford to hold this vast quantity of land in idleness to the detriment of the prosperity of the State.

The unjust discrimination in State taxation extends also to the industry of the inhabitants of the town; for while the industry of the planter is not taxed in the least, the tradesman, mechanic and professional man pays taxes on every thing he does and earns.

My object in offering this amendment was, as I have already said, to call attention to this abnormity and to propose a remedy. We must tax the lands of the State in proportion to their value for agricultural purposes, whether cultivated or not-divide the same perhaps into four or five classes, and then put a tax upon the same, say at from 10 to 50 cents per acre, in order to make the large landholder, who is unable to cultivate all his lands, and cannot sell them, for reason that he cannot make a valid title, relinquish a portion of them to the State, to satisfy her demand for taxes, and who, having the right of eminent domain, may either sell them or give them to our own laboring people, or to emigrants, and furnish them with a cheap and valid title. We must abolish, also, the present barbarous sy. tem of selling a man's whole estate and driving him out of his house and home, for a few dollars taxes due, by selling the same entire for some cause or other fails to pay his taxes, to resucceeded in getting a word out of that officer as linquish a portion of the same to the State as an to his views of the political situation, and that equivalent.

The probable recognized debt of the State amounts to four and a half millions of dollars, requiring the amount of \$260,000 annual interest to be paid. The State needs further the sum of five against JACOB THOMPSON, in the Chancery Court | conservative delegates will figure prominently. If | hundred thousand dollars annually for the mainhe accepts the nomination-with regard to which | tenance of the State government, for common Georgian, which was intended for service on the it certainly does not appear that mortal man can schools, for charitable institutions, &c .- in all about \$750,000 annually, and which must be raised it be before the great soldier opens his mouth and | by taxation in some shape or other, and as all industrial pursuits are already overtaxed, the only resource left is the taxation of the lands in a proper manner as above indicated.

> The area of this State contains nineteen and half millions of acres of land. Out of this only one and a quarter of a million were cultivated in 1825 from that time to 1860 the quantity put under culpresent than generally, as they were anxious to tivation was not quite doubled, but the number of acres cultivated at present is hardly more than it was in 1825, in consequence of the fearful struggle through which we have just passed. It was computed by Mr. MILLS that there were, besides the quantity under cultivation in 1825, some two and a half millions of acres of land capable of being cultivated to advantage. This would give us about three and three-quarter millions of acres out of nineteen and a half millions for agricultural purposes. In this, I suppose, he does not include the vast bodies of swamp, river bottom and marsh lands, which are as rich as any lands in the world, and only need clearing, ditching, draining and dyking to make them eminently productive; but this cannot be done by their present impoverished owners. It can only be done by the State, and in ompact bodies, after she has obtained her sovereignty again and re-established her credit upon solid foundation, by a proper system of taxation. Thus, by such a proper system of taxation, the State may not only re-establish ther credit, bring back capital and prosperity, but also become

> and relieve the landowners of an often ungovernmade with any other Companies or individuals, for the completion of the said Road, by the issuing of I do not mean to favor confiscation. But I would say to the landowners, cultivate these lands, make them profitable, so you can afford to pay the taxes the State is compelled to impose upon them

repossessed of vast quantities of valuable lands

or give up what portion you can spare.

If a man can cultivate 5 or 10,000 acres of land, or make it profitable, and can afford to pay the taxes thereon, let him but do so, and nobody will trouble him. He will be a benefactor to the community by giving employment and bread to hun-

samong the officers. Sixteen cases reported on board now. No communication allowed between shore and vessel.

The Pacific mail steamship Montana also arrived with the Yew York passengers. No case of fewer occurred, but there were two deaths during the trip from other causes.

From Mexico.

New York, August 4.—An Orizaba letter, of July 18, gives an account of the enthusiastic reception given to Madame Juanez all along the route to the City of Mexico. Juanez will undouble the unanimous choice for President.

From the West Indies.

New York, August 4.—Correspondence from San Domingo states that Carrat. has fallen into displayed and the company, which can be such excess shall be applied in equal ratio to the did and the new stock, and proteided, along that the company, which are divided as months of the company, which are the content of the company, which are divided as profits, shall be in excess of the amount necessary to pay said preferred dividends on the stock and proteided, along that the configuration of seven per cent, the deficiency there of the stock held by the City Council are desirous of a fixed which and the wind the such that they have no new get our people with the stock respectively: Provided, however, that if the carrings of the Company, which are divided as a rate not exceeded the content of the content

Remarks of Mr. J. P. M. Epping, at the the Northern and Eastern States. All this can be Union Republican Convention, held in brought about, as I have before said, by a just and wholesome system of taxation. Let this be done, and the State is rehabilitated in the Union upon our As there has been some difference of opinion re- | Union Republican platform, and peace and plenty will reign in every house, in every cabin.

> The Charleston and Savannah Railroad. To the Editor of the Dairy News:

In your issue of the 3d instant allusion is made o \$250,000 lost in the demise of the Charleston and Savannah Railroad Company, ending with the significant remark: "We ne'er shall see that \$250,-000 again." Possibly not, Mr. Editor; but as there happens to be two sides to a question, I purpose (with your permission) to present you with the facts upon which that transaction of \$250,000 was based, and although they may have passed from the memory of many, they are still very transpa-

True, as you assert, the City Council did agree to subscribe \$250,000 in aid of the late Charleston and Savannah Railroad Company, under the following stipulations, viz: First, that the subscription should not be paid in money, but that \$200,000 should be paid in Wilmington and Manchester Railroad stock (those owned by the city), at par value, at which time the market value of this was \$30 on the \$100; also, \$50,000 in stock of the Kings Mountain Railroad Company (then owned by the city), at par value, at which time this stock was worth about \$20 on the \$100. This was the mode of payment, amounting in reality only to a substitution of stock, each considered ultimately good, with the exception of one being an unfinished road, the other two completed but neither paying dividends.

The "stipulations" demanded by the City Cour. cil were the right of selecting two directors to repesent them in the Board of Direction, which right the City Council, in their wisdom and fair dealing, soon construed to mean the entire Board, and, by a happy combination with the State vote, controlled the election of President and Directors of the Charleston and Savannah Railroad Company, originally destined to be the great central thoroughfare, and shortest mail route from New York to New Orleans via Charlest'n and Savannah, built and equipped at a cost of \$3,000,000, suddenly transformed into an asylum for for the favored few. A free travelling convenience to many, but an annoyance and vexation to the holders of at least \$1,000,000 of its bonds, who, to get possession and control of their own property, were compelled to purchase the road, and who are now rapidly restoring it to its original design and prosperity with their own means and in their own

When a corporation, by a majority vote, risk public property or money entrusted to them and the result proves disastrous, they have no cause to complain, but it should be to them an adomnition, as it has been to individuals. Let the Memphis and Charleston, the Blue Ridge, the Greenville and Columbia, and all other railroads set to with a will, apply their own means with economy, industry and a vigorous determination to go ahead, they will succeed and find their account in BONDS AND STOCK.

The Bad Advisers of the South.

Herschel V. Johnson, B. F. Perry, and Benj. H. Hill, are the three men whose mission is to dis-tract and betray the South, discourage loyalty, and revive treason. They have had tolerable PAPER ESTABLISHMENT a most extensive and

and revive treason. They have had tolerable success. Opposition to regist ation and a Convention has increased of late in South Carolina, and especially in Georgia, and reconstruction is delayed. Nor is the evil influence of these agitators confined to their own States; it is felt throughout the South, wherever there is a Rebel who regrets rebellion, or a slaveholder who mourns for slavery. Mr. Hill, in his recent speech at Atlanta, has very plainly stated the policy of his class, which is simply to perpetuate the strife of the South and North, to ridicule as unmanly the spirit of reconciliation, and to prevent reconstruction by all means in their power. He tells the people of the South that the military bills violate the Constitution, and that if you vote for the Constitution, you are perjured."
To the Republican party he says: "On, on, with your work of ruin, ye hell-born rioters in sacred things! but remember the people will call you to judgment," and to the Union men of Georgia: "You are but cowards and knaves, and the time will come are but cowards and knaves, and the time will come when you will call upon the rocks and mountains to fall on you, and the darkness to hide you from an outraged people." And to his rebel friends he cries, "Do not abandon your rights. Defend them, talk for them, and if need be, before God and the country, fight and die for them." He informs the negroes that the Republicans are their worst friends, and intend their extermination. When we read that all this fustian and falsebod was received with unbounded applause, and

ood was received with unbounded applause, and nood was received with unbounded applause, and that three cheers were given for Mr. Hill as the only man who dared to proclaim the truth, it is easy to see the evil that his counsels work. Georgia, if she takes the advice of such men, will Georgia, if she takes the advice of such men, will have a dark future; her restoration to the Union will be long delayed, and all her interests must suffer. There is but one way to peace and prosperity—obedience to the laws. The plan Concress has laid down is the plan approved by the nation, and in no other way can the rebel States regain the position they voluntarily abandoned and the rights they forfeited by treasonable war. Gen. Barksdale, of Mississippi, gave wiser counsel when he said: "It must be remembered counsel when he said: "It must be remembered that when the armies of the Confederate States surrendered, the Government of the United States acquired the power to dictate the terms of reconstruction, and that there is no instrumentality, short of Divine agency, which can take the work of reconstruction from the hands of the present

Congress."-N. Y. Tribune.

THE CROPS.—The showers of rain that have re-cently fallen have washed out the fears beginning to develop themselves last week in regard to a lack of moisture for the growing crop. A few more showers at proper intervals will secure a large supply of corn for our people; and at present the prospect lends hopeful assurance to the pleasant thought.—Greenville Mountaineer.

DEATH OF MR. P. E. DUNCAN .- About two weeks since we received the melancholy tidings of the death of Mr. Perry E. Duncan, who was so well known and so highly esteemed throughout our District. Until within a few years past he was intimately identified with the public interests of Greenville, and had been frequently assigned by the discharge of various public our people to the discharge of various public trusts of responsibility and honor in the Legisla-ture, State Convention, and elsewhere. A short time previous to the close of the war, he removed with his family to Southwestern Georgia, and set-tled himself there, much to the regret of his for-mer neighbors, who felt the loss they experienced in his departure from their midet s departure from their midst. [Greenville Mountaincer.

THE CROPS.—The weather has not been as favorable as we could desire during the past week, but on summing up the results of the crop of this year, we have no reason to modify our previous reports.

A friend in this town has a small tract of "pet cotton," and he has counted as many as seventy that the bleems of one stall, while forty or fifty bolls and blooms on one stalk, while forty or fifty is the average number. Can the country beat the town?—Orangeburg News.

THE RICHMOND (VA.) Whig says: "Some supersensitive gentlemen are horrified at the thought of co-operating with the Republican party, considering the attitude in which we stood toward each other during the war, who are not at all shocked at the idea of fellowshipping the Democratic party. We have heretofore directed attention to the fact that the latter not only fought against the South as fiercely as the former, but that the were answerable beides for having beguiled the South into the war and then betrayed her. As one of the victimized, we believe we can declare for the whole South, that the experiment of secession would not have been tried but for the thousand-times repealed assurances of the Democratic leaders that if an army should be raised in the North for the purpose of making war upon the South, it would be met by another army raised in the North to defend the Democratic interpretation of the Constitution.

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H. W. RAVENEL, Editor
W. D. Kireland, Publisher.

January 21

W. D. KIRKLAND, Publisher.



## On Thursday evening, 1st August, 1867, by the Rev. Mr. M. French, CLAUDIUS ELLIOTT to ANNA M., also, the same evening, CHARLES W. BIRNIE to RO-BENIA D., daughters of Robert Monrison, all of this

The Friends and Acquaintances of the late Mrs. M. A. McFEETERS, of Mr. and Mrs. N.

MARRIED.

TYLEE, Jr., and of WM. J. and H. J. McConmack, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral Services of the former, at St. John's Chapel, Hampstead, This Afternoon, at half-past Four o'clock.

OBITUARY. DIED, at Fort Aubuckle, Indian Territory, July 25th. MARY ELLA, wife of Capt. JOSEPH B. BIFE, U. S. A., eldest daughter of RALPH TREMBLY.

"Bfessed are the dead who die in the Lord, yea, saith the Spirit, for they rest from their labor and their works do follow them." Born at Georgetown, S. C., and died at Florence, S. C., July 19th, 1867, Mrs. FLORA SMITH. consort of F She departed this life in full triumph of a blessed immortality. She left an affectionate husband and two fond children to mourn her loss.

bister, thou art mild and lovely, Gentle as the summer breeze, Pleasant as the air of evening When it floats among the trees

Peaceful be thy silent slumber,

Praceful in the grave so low, Thou no more wil join our number, Thou no more our songs shall know.

BY A FRIEND.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

REGISTRATION.—THE BOARD OF REG-ISTRATION for the First Precinct City of Charleston. will commence its duties at the City Hall on Monday, the 12th inst., and continue in session three days, for the accommodation of residents of Ward No. 1. On Thursday, the 15th inst., the Board will continue its sessions at the same place for the accommodation of

residents of Ward No. 2 The Board will continue to sit in the same place, in the same manner, viz: The three first days in the week to registering in Ward No. 1, and the three last days in the week to registering in Ward No. 2, until the same is

As the whole duty must be performed by the 1st of Octoher, the books will be closed on the 19th of September, in order to comply with paragraph XIX. General Orders No. 65, Headquarters Second Military District, giving ample time for public inspection and revision of the lists. All persons qualified to vote under the provisions of the Act of Congress passed March 2d, 1867, entitled "An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States " and the several Acts supplementary thereto, are invited to appear before the Board for registration. The hours of sitting will be from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. The final sessions for revising the lists will be held as

For Ward No. 1, on Thursday and Friday, September For Ward No. 2, on Saturday and Monday, September NILES G. PARKER, 8th and 30th.

Chairman for the Board of Registrars for the First Preinct, Charleston District. 6 August 5 PUBLIC NOTICE .- THE OFFICE OF the City Registrar and Health Department has been removed from No. 117 COMING STREET to the NORTH-EAST CORNER OF CALHOUN STREET AND RUT-LEDGE AVENUE. Charleston, August 1, 1867. 6

MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION -THE PRESI-DENT AND OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION to emmemorate the Confederate dead, earnestly reques those persons who have not paid their annual subscriptions to do so as soon as possible to the Treasurer, Mrs. HENRY WIGFALL, No 309 East Bay. F. M. BLAMYER,

NOTICE T ) MARINELS .- CAPTAINS

Secretary pro tem.

AND PILOTS wishing to anchor their vessels in Ashley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within direct range of the heads of the SAVANNAH RAILROAD WHARVES, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side of the Ashley River; by which precaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided. S. C. TURNER, H. M. Harbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 6, 1866.

February 7 THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD .- HOWARD ASSOCIATIO ESSAYS, on the Physiology of the Passions, and the Errors, Abuses and Diseases peculiar to the first age of

man, with Reports on new methods of treatment em-

ployed in this institution. Sent in scaled letter en-

clopes, free of charge. Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. NOTICE.\_ALL PERSONS INDEBTED

to the Estate of JAMES HAYES, deceased, will please make payment to Messrs. BREWSTER & SPRATT, Attorneys at Law. No. 98 Broad street, and claims again the Estate may be presented, properly attested, to their. CATHARINE HAYES. BE ELMORE MUTUAL INSURANCE COM-

DOLLAR AND FORTY CENTS per Share will be paid to the Stockholders from this date until the 15th day of August next, on which day the Dividend Books and Office of the Company will be closed. Stockholders are required to produce their Certificates

PANY .- FINAL DIVIDEND IN LIQUIDATION .-

CHARLESTON, July 17, 1867 .- A final Dividend of ONE

of Stock, in order that the same may be cancelled. By order of the Board. JOSEPH WHILDEN

Sec'ry and Treas'r July 17 w1 thm BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .\_ THIS SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-harmless, reliable, instan No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by al Druggists and Perfumers. Factory, No. 81 Barcley

BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

street. New York.

AT A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER ountry home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place o a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their per sonal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpass ed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also heal-Steamboat Printing ing, cleaning and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its directaction on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on reccipt of an order, by W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,

No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y. The only American Agents for the sale of the same. March 30

"COSTAR'S"

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE "COSTAR'S" SALES DEPOT,

No. 482 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Where \$1, \$3 to \$5 sizes are put up for Families, Stores ships, Boats, Public Institutions, &c., &c.

It is truly wonderful the confidence that is now had in very form of Preparations that comes from "Costar's" stablishment.

"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS—For Rats, Mice. "COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS—For Rata, Since, Roaches, Ants, &c., &c. "Only infallible mency known."
"Not dangerous to the human family." "Rats come out of their holes to die," &c.
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR—A liquid, put up in bottles, and never known to tail.
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER—For Moths in Ever and Woollens, is invaluable. Nothing can exceed it at as CHEAP RATES, as can be Furs and Woollens, is invaluable. Nothing can exceed i for power and efficacy. Destroys instantly all Insects or Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

"COSTAR'S" BUCKTHORN SALVE—For Cuts, Burns

Wounds, Bruises, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Piles in all forms, Old Sores, Ulcers, and all kinds of cutaneous affections. No family should be without it. It exceeds in efficacy all other Salves in use.
"COSTAR'S" CORN SOLVENT—For Corns, Bunions

"COSTAR'S" CORN SOLVENT—For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

"COSTAR'S" BITTER SWEET AND ORANGE BLOSS 'MS—Beautifies the Complexion, by giving to the skin a soft and beautiful freshness, and is incomparably beyond anything now in use. Ladies of taste and position regard it as an essential to the toilet. An unprecedented sale is its best recommendation. One bottle is always followed by more. Try it to know.

"COSTAR'S" BISHOP PILLS—A universal Dinner Pill (sugar-coated), and of extraordinary efficacy for Costiveness, all forms of Indigestion, Nervous and Sick Headache. A Pill that is now rapidly superseding all others. others.
"COSTAR'S" COUGH REMEDY—For Coughs, Colds.
"COSTAR'S" COUGH REMEDY—For Coughs, Colds.
Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all forms of Bronchial, and Diseases of the

and all forms of Broncina, and Address
at and Lungs.

Address
HENRY R. COSTARA
No. 482 BROADWAY, N. Y. DOWIE & MOISE, WHOLESALE AGENTS No. 151 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel.

PRICE FIVE CENTS SHIPPING.

FOR NEW YORK—MERCHANTS'
LINE.—The fast sailing Regular Packet Schr.
MYROVER, Hughes Master, having all her
heavy Freight engaged, will receive light Freight
to fill up, and sail with quick dispatch.
April 5 WM. ROACH.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON People's Mail Steamship Company.

THE STEAMSEIP MONEKA,

CAPTAIN MARSHMAN, WILL LEAVE SCUTH ATLANTIC
Wharf Thursday, August 8, at —
o'clock
Lune composed of Steamers "MO-Line composed of Steamers "MO-JOHN & THEO. GETTY, No. 48 East Bay.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIP

MANHATTAN, WOODHULL, COMMANDER. WILL LEAVE FROM ADGER'S SOUTH WHARF, on Saturday, the 8th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. ap All outward Freight engagements must be made at the office of COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, No. 44

at the onice to the content of the content and the content and all matters connected with the inward beduess of the Ships, apply to STREET BROTHERS & CO., Plo. 74 East Bay.

STREET BROTHERS & CO., Agents.

FOR NORTH EDISTO AND ROCK-VILLE.



CAPT. JAS. G. RUMLEY, WILL LEAVE AS ABOVE FROM ATLANTIC clock.
Reurning leave Edisto Wednesday Morning, at 7 o'clock.
Freight received This Day, and be prepaid.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
JNO. H. MURRAY, Market Wharf.

August 5 NEW YORK AND BREMEN STEAMSHIP

THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS NORTHERN LIGHT. WESTERN METROPOLIS. ATLANTIC. Leave Pier No. 46, N. R., New York, every second Saturday, from June 15. FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,

aking passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold of its equivalent in currency:
First Cabin, \$110; Second Cabin, \$65; Steerage, \$25, From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New York, First Cabin, \$110; Second Cabin, \$76; Steerage, \$43.

EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME—First Cabin, \$210; Second Cabin, \$130; Steerage, \$70.

SAILING DAYS FROM NEW YORK AND BREMEN:
June 15 and 29 | July 13 and 27 | August 10 and 24 Sept. 7 and 21 | Oct. 5 and 19 | Nov. 2 and 16 For Freight or Passage apply to ISAAO TAYLOR, President,
February 27 | 1y No 40 Broadway. N. Y.

THROUGH TICKETS TO FLORIDA. BY CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH

STEAM PACKET LINE. SEMI-WEEKLY. VIA BEAUFORT AND SEABROOKS' LANDING. WEEKLY.



ONE OF THE ABOVE STEAMERS WILL LYAVE Charleston every Monday and Thursday Mornings, at 7 o'clock; and Sayannah every Wednesday and Friday Mornings, at 7 o'clock. Touching at Bluffton on Monday, trip from Charleston, and Wednesday, trip from Sayannah Freight received daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and

tored free of charge.
All Way Freight, also Bluffton Wharfage, must be pre For freight or passage, apply to JOHN FERGUSON, Accommodation Wharf, CLAGHORN & CUNNINGHAMS

FULLER & LEE,

Agents, Beaufort, S. C.
N. B.—THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the Agency in Charleston to points on the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, and to Fernandina and points on the St. John's FOR PALATKA, FERNANDINA, JACKSONVILLE, AND ALL THE LAND-

INGS ON THE ST. JOHN'S RIVER, VIA

SAVANNAH, GEO. THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMSHIP CITY POINT. (1100 Tons Burthen)

WILL LEAVE MIDDLE ATLANTIC
WHARF, every TUESDAY NIGHT, at
90 'clock, for the above places, connecting with the Georgia Central Railroad at
lavannah, for Macon, Mobile and New Orleans.
All Freight must be paid here by shippers.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board or at the office
RAVENEL & CO.,
Agents.

July 12 FOR SAVANNAH.

THE STEAMER CITY POINT. 1100 TONS BURTHEN,

CAPT. S. ADKINS. WILL LEAVE MIDDLE ATLANTIC WHARF, every TUESDAY VIGHT, at nine o'clock, for that port. For freight or passage apply on oard or to the office of

RAVENEL & CO., Agente

**CHISOLM'S** COTTON GINNING MILLS,

LONG AND SHORT STAPLE COTTON

WEST END TRADD STREET, ASHLEY RIVER.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW PREPARED TO receive from Planters and others their crops of SEA ISLAND AND UPLAND COTTON to GIN, BALE, &c. Having the most improved MACHINERY and experienced operatives, all COTTON entrusted to us will be prepared in the best manner for market.

For terms apply to CHISOLM BROTHERS,

NO. 32 EAST BAY, Cor. Adger's Whart, Or at CHISOLM'S MILL, West End Tradd street.

HOLMES & MACBETH. BROKERS, Real Estate & General Commission Agts. NO. 36 BROAD STREET.

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, SILVER, BANK BILLS August 1 CHERAW ADVERTISER,

DEVOTED TO LITERATURE, SCIENCE, ART, Cheraw, S. C. Published weekly, by W. L. T. PRINCE & CO. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION : 

ingly
Merchants and others advertising by the year, a liberai deduction on the shove rates will be made,
November 16 THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS.

PUBLISHED IN WINNSBORO' S. C., AFFORDS A profitable medium for the advertising public of Charleston.

We respectfully solicit their patronage for our mutual hearoff; GAILLARD, DESPORTES & WILLIAMS,

Marine Intelligence. New York, August 4.—The steam yacht Alice Riggs, New York for Baracoa, was abandoned on the first. The Captain and crew were rescued by Our Cable Dispatches. the steamer Virgo. Domestic Markets. easy at 3a5 per cent. on call. Foreign Exchange dull and lower; brokers ask 109 a110. Gold firm

losing firm; low middling, 231c.

SAVANNAH, August 3.—Cotton in active demand; lower grades neglecied; sales 160 bales; receipts 90 bales.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

AN OLD JOURNAL—GRANT AGAIN ON THE RACK—

to occur. The matter is a subject of every day

conversation, and many are the speculations in-

dulged in as to the ultimate result. The majority

of those best informed as to the President's move-

ments, assert positively that the order making the

change will be issued this week, while others are

lone in the case, citing this as an instance similar

persuaded by unseen influences from prosecuting.

We must wait and see what is to be done however

in this case. There are thought to be many

disappointment, as fears of such an occurrence,

State, have long been experienced. That election,

and the meeting of the Republican Convention in

Richmond, both on the same day, will be among

eadquarters of the General-in-Chief to the scene

of difficulty, as in the olden time of war. Every

precaution has been taken, however, to prevent

bloodshed, and the presence of a good force of

The National Intelligencer, of this morning, con-

tains a very sensible and well-timed article on the

subject of the disposition manifested by substan-

tial and influential citizens in the South, to decline

participation in the work of reconstruction as Con-

gress proposes, which, for the real merit and good

ense that is contained in it, should be read with

no hasty glance. At the risk of duplicating a

newspaper article-as it may before this is publish-

ed meet the readers of the News-I append to this

paragraph a part of the editorial, with the an-

nouncement that its warning and wisdom have re-

ceived favorable comment from many true friends

But such citizens might do well to remember

that the present is an unnatural and temporary condition of affairs and that the time will soon come when their counsels will be required, and will be duly appreciated, and when their influence, both within their own States and with the General

Government may be beneficially exercised. There-fore, it is an ill-advised feeling on their part to

It need not be imagined that the wide talk about

his nomination by a thorough Radical Convention.

is nominated, it will be by a Convention in which

assert clearly—he will be elected. How long must

Mr. MERRICK, one of the counsel for the defence

in the SURBATT trial, commenced his argument to

the Jury this morning. It is remarkable for its

was crowded. More of the prisoner's friends were

listen to the argument of Mr. MERRICK, who has

no small reputation as an orator of ability. Mr.

The warm weather, which had really been in

tense for several days, has subsided, and pleasant

days with nights cool enough for blanket coverings

are welcome visitors. They bring very little news,

however, as the town is comparatively deserted of

its prominent denizens. The hotels show feeble

register lists, but the time is not far distant when

life and activity will be here again in all its glory.

The time is short for beginning to make prepara-

A BILL

IN RELATION TO THE BLUE RIDGE RAILROAD.

stockholders, in any arrangement that may be

preferred shares, or reducing the number of shares neld by the State in the same ratio in which the

City of Charleston and other stockholders may consent that their shares shall be reduced, or in

Whereas, the General Assembly of the State did,

PIERPONT will close for the prosecution.

tions to receive Congress again.

of the unrepresented States. It is as follows:

short time hardly thought of now.

WILL HE BE NOMINATED-ETC., ETC.

dull and lower; brokers ask 109§a110. Gold Irra at 140§. Governments firm at morning's advance. Railway Stocks closed with a downward tendency. Total imports of week, \$3,448,374. Business at Sub-Treasury to-day: receipts \$1,448,064; payments \$510,199; balance \$128,761,670; receipts for customs \$355,000; for gold notes \$75,000. Bank statement is less tearneyly they lest week.

city to-day.

kingdom.

LIVERPOOL, August 2-Evening.-Cotton quie and steady at 104d. for Middling Uplands, and 10fd. for Orleans; sales 10,000 bales.

Anthorities. WASHINGTON, August 4.-Marshal Goodloe, of

The order for the removal of SHERIDAN has not The Secretary of the Navy has received dis-

Lieut. Commander Maxwell, commanding

tives are recognized but our own-other foreign Consols having struck their flags. SANTA ANNA is Judge PIERPOINT, for the prosecution, com menced his address to the Jury in the SURBATT

Receipts of Internal Revenue to-day \$1,380,000. Fractional currency redeemed during the week

fore, it is an ill-advised feeling on their part to keep themselves in the background. They might at least show that they are ready to take the position in political affairs to which the voice of their fellow-citizens may at some early day call them. It would be exceedingly satisfactory to conservative men throughout the North to know that there is a force, powerful in talent and worth, existing in the South, that will be ever watchful and ready that the south, that will be ever watchful and ready that the south that the said is redeeming the convention of the con for the opportunity to aid in redeeming the country from the hands of those who now misrule it." From New York. NEW YORK, August 3 .- Only ten cases of cholera | the certainty of the country having Gen. Grant | taxes, but instead, enable every one, who from have occurred in this city since the first of May, for the next Presidency, which now exists, has and every case has been followed up by immediate disinfection of the premises in which it occurs, very silence will, more than anything else, prevent

NASHVILLE, August 3.—Returns so far foot up a

From Mobile. MOBILE, August 2.-A fire occurred here this morning, at No. 131 Dauphin street, destroying the building. Loss estimated at \$20,000—partially